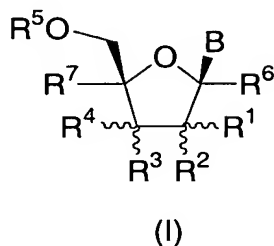


**Amendment to the Claims:**

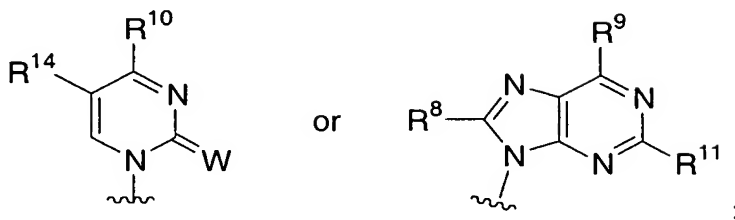
Cancel Claims 13-16.

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (original) A compound of structural formula I:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;  
 wherein B is



W is O or S;

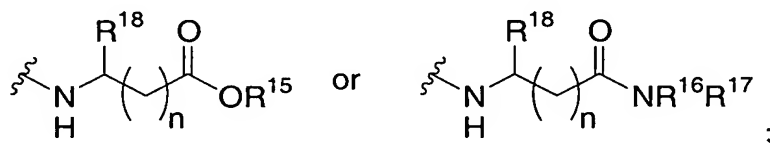
R<sup>1</sup> is fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, or trifluoromethyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, fluorine, amino, hydroxy, mercapto, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkylcarbonyloxy, or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, cyano, azido, halogen, hydroxy, mercapto, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkylcarbonyloxy, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkynyl, and C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, wherein alkyl is unsubstituted or substituted with hydroxy, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylthio, or one to three fluorine atoms;

R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylcarbonyl, P<sub>3</sub>O<sub>9</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, or P(O)R<sup>12</sup>R<sup>13</sup>;

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are each independently hydrogen, methyl, hydroxymethyl, or fluoromethyl;  
 R<sup>8</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkynyl, halogen, cyano, carboxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyloxycarbonyl, azido, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl)amino, hydroxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonyl, or (C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl)0-2 aminomethyl;  
 R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are each independently hydrogen, hydroxy, mercapto, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkylcarbonyloxy, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkylcarbonyloxy, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyloxycarbonyloxy, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyloxycarbonyloxy, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>SC(=O)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, -OCH<sub>2</sub>O(C=O)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, -OCH(C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl)O(C=O)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl)amino, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkylamino, di(C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl)amino, or an amino acyl residue having structural formula

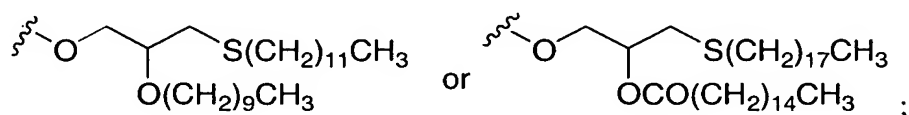


n is 0, 1, or 2;

R<sup>11</sup> is hydrogen, hydroxy, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl)amino, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkylamino, or di(C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkylamino);

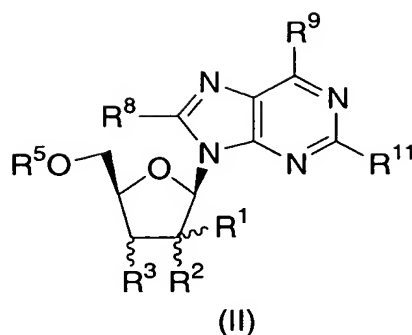
R<sup>15</sup>, R<sup>16</sup>, and R<sup>17</sup> are each independently hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;

R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> are each independently hydroxy, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>SC(=O)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, -OCH<sub>2</sub>O(C=O)OC<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, -NHCHMeCO<sub>2</sub>Me, -OCH(C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl)O(C=O)C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl,



R<sup>14</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylamino, CF<sub>3</sub>, or halogen; and  
 R<sup>18</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, or phenyl C<sub>0-2</sub> alkyl.

2. (original) The compound of Claim 1 of structural formula II:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is fluoromethyl or difluoromethyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydroxy, fluoro, or C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy;

R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, or C<sub>1-3</sub> alkoxy;

R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, P<sub>3</sub>O<sub>9</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, or PO<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>;

R<sup>8</sup> is hydrogen, amino, or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylamino; and

R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are each independently hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl)amino, or C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkylamino.

3. (original) The compound of Claim 2 wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is fluoromethyl or difluoromethyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydroxy, fluoro, or methoxy;

R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, fluoro, hydroxy, amino, or methoxy;

R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen or P<sub>3</sub>O<sub>9</sub>H<sub>4</sub>;

R<sup>8</sup> is hydrogen or amino; and

R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are each independently hydrogen, fluoro, hydroxy, or amino.

4. (original) The compound of Claim 1 selected from the group consisting of:

6-amino-9-(2-C-fluoromethyl-β-D-ribofuranosyl)purine;

6-amino-9-(2-C-fluoromethyl-β-D-arabinofuranosyl)purine;

2-amino-9-(2-C-fluoromethyl-β-D-ribofuranosyl)-3,9-dihydropurin-6-one;

2-amino-9-(2-C-fluoromethyl-β-D-arabinofuranosyl)-3,9-dihydropurin-6-one;

2-amino-9-(2-*C*-fluoromethyl- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl)-3,9-dihydropurin-6-thione;  
2,6-diamino-9-(2-*C*-fluoromethyl- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl)purine;  
9-(2-*C*-fluoromethyl- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl)-6-methylaminopurine;  
2'-*C*-(fluoromethyl)cytidine;  
2'-*C*-(fluoromethyl)-5-methylcytidine;  
2'-*C*-(fluoromethyl)uridine;  
2'-*C*-(fluoromethyl)-5-methyluridine;  
and the corresponding 5'-triphosphates;  
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

5. (original) The compound of Claim 4 which is  
2-amino-9-(2-*C*-fluoromethyl- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl)-3,9-dihydropurin-6-one;  
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

6. (original) The compound of Claim 4 which is 6-amino-9-(2-*C*-fluoromethyl- $\beta$ -  
D-ribofuranosyl)purine;  
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

7. (original) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of Claim 1  
and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

8. (original) A method of treating RNA-dependent RNA virus infection comprising  
administering to a mammal in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a  
compound according to Claim 1.

9. (original) The method of Claim 8 wherein said RNA-dependent RNA virus  
infection is hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection.

10. (original) The method of Claim 9 in combination with a therapeutically effective  
amount of another agent active against HCV.

Int. Appln. No.: PCT/US03/19172  
US Appln. No.: To Be Assigned  
US Filing Date: Concurrently  
Case No.: 21122YP  
Page No.: 7

11. (original) The method of Claim 10 wherein said agent active against HCV is a 2'-C-Me-ribonucleoside; ribavirin; levovirin; thymosin alpha-1; interferon- $\beta$ ; an inhibitor of NS3 serine protease; an inhibitor of inosine monophosphate dehydrogenase; interferon- $\alpha$  or pegylated interferon- $\alpha$ , alone or in combination with ribavirin or levovirin.

12. (original) The method of Claim 11 wherein said agent active against HCV is interferon- $\alpha$  or pegylated interferon- $\alpha$ , alone or in combination with ribavirin.

13. (cancelled)

14. (cancelled)

15. (cancelled)

16. (cancelled)